DT AT THE GROVE

INTENT

"Good buildings come from good people, and all problems are solved by good design." Stephen Gardiner

At the Grove, design and technology has a key part to play in our cross-curricular approach to learning and draws on a variety of curriculum areas such as science, computing, maths, art and engineering. Design and technology is taught throughout the year and children will leave the Grove being able to inventively think outside the box and use their ingenuity to creatively solve real world problems.

Design and technology is often brought to life through taking part in national competitions. The children love a challenge. Designing, making, testing, evaluating and improving their products for a real competition or situation results in some fantastic creations.

Children's skills are developed through creativity where they design, make and evaluate products to solve real and relevant problems. They have to take the context into consideration as well as the wants and needs of themselves and others, often drawing on inspiration from famous inventors. Children explore a variety of techniques and skills, from making structures stronger to using mechanisms, such as levers and sliders. They investigate and analyse existing products to make prototypes and then consider improvements to their designs before making their own final creations.

Cooking and nutrition is also an important part of design and technology. The children learn about a balanced diet and making healthy lifestyle choices, resulting in strong cross-curricular links with PE. Children are taught key food technology skills, from putting together fruit kebabs to making bread, building up life skills ready for when they leave the Grove and later on in life.

Many aspects of design technology can be found in the Mini and Junior Duke Awards which the children at the Grove participate in. The children complete challenges to build independence and life skills preparing them for life after school.



IMPLEMENTATION

Our curriculum is built around deep thinking and encourages learners to use a question as the starting point, considering different avenues for further research. They do this through exploring, talking about, testing and developing ideas about everyday phenomena and the relationships between living things and familiar environments, and by beginning to develop their ideas about functions, relationships and interactions. They ask their own questions about what they observe and make some decisions about

which types of scientific enquiry are likely to be the best ways of answering them, including observing changes over time, noticing patterns, grouping and classifying things, carrying out simple comparative and fair tests and finding things out using secondary sources of information. They draw simple conclusions and use scientific language to talk and write about what they have found out.

Each knowledge topic is planned to retrieve knowledge previously covered and then follow our 4 stage sequence of teaching; ignite and inspire, deep practice, mastery and showcase. KSI cover: textiles, mechanical systems, structures and food and nutrition. KS2 cover: textiles, mechanical systems, structures, food and nutrition, electrical systems and programming, monitoring and control. We ensure that learning is progressive and continuous.

Each DT topic begins with a design brief/hook to inspire a sense of excitement and curiosity for children – ignite and inspire. Teachers check on what children already know and then invite children to think of their own questions. During deep practice, the children begin by exploring existing products to support their initial designs before making their own product to match agreed success criteria. Completed products are evaluated by the design criteria and children consider how improvements could be made. Across both key stages, technical knowledge is embedded throughout the Design, Make and Evaluate process. Children will be supported through the mastery stage of the teaching sequence. Children will then have the opportunity to showcase their learning. This stage provides children with an opportunity to share their learning more widely with other children and parents through a variety of means e.g. learning presentations, talks, report writing etc.

Memorable knowledge and skills have been identified for each of the units to provide progressive acquisition of knowledge. This is supported by the use of 'sticky vocabulary and sticky knowledge' which are displayed on subject specific knowledge organisers. Teachers regularly refer to this knowledge and key vocabulary with meanings so that it 'sticks'. This enables children to readily apply knowledge and vocabulary.



DT learning is loved by teachers and children across school. The successful approach to the teaching of DT at The Grove School will result in a fun, engaging, high quality science education, that provides children with the foundations for understanding the world that they can take with them once they complete their primary education.

Assessment at The Grove School uses informal strategies (verbal/written outcomes, reflection tasks/presentations, retrieval practice games and activities).

Formative assessment is used as the main tool for assessing the impact of DT at The Grove School as it allows for misconceptions and gaps to be addressed more immediately rather than building on insecure foundations.

Children at The Grove School will:

- demonstrate a love of DT and an interest in further study and work in this field.
- retain knowledge that is pertinent to DT with a real life context.
- be able to question ideas and reflect on knowledge.
- be able to articulate their understanding of DT and discuss products using rich technical knowledge when describing the Design, Make and Evaluate process.

- work collaboratively and practical to create a product against design criteria.
- demonstrate their love of DT and the development of their skills through their final products.
- achieve age related expectations in DT at the end of their cohort year.

DT LONG TERM PLAN SHOWING KNOWLEDGE PROGRESSION

| EYFS To be Year I ready, children in Foundation Stage will know: | How to choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. How to handle equipment and tools effectively. The importance for good health of a healthy diet How to safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with | | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| KIIOW. | colour, design, texture, form and func How to use what they have learnt abo | | ys, thinking | | |
| | about uses and purposes. How to represent their own ideas, the | | 3, | | |
| YEAR | AUTUMN TERM | SPRING TERM | SUMMER TERM | | |
| Year I and 2 | Food | Mechanical | Textiles | | |
| Year A | Vegetable salad | Wheels and axles | Templates and joining techniques | | |
| By the end of KSI, | | | | | |
| children will have the | | | | | |
| following knowledge: | | | | | |
| Year I and 2 | Food | Mechanical | Structures | | |
| Year B | Fruit Smoothies | Sliders and Levers | Freestanding weight bearing | | |
| By the end of KSI, | bridges | | | | |
| children will have the | | | | | |
| following knowledge: | | | | | |

| Year 3 and 4 Year A By the end of LKS2, children will have the following knowledge: | Mechanical Levers and linkages | Electrical Systems Simple circuits and switches | Food Healthy and varied diet |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Year 3 and 4 Year B By the end of LKS2, children will have the following knowledge: | Textiles 2D shape to 3D product | Structures Shell structures | Food Healthy and varied diet |
| Year 5 and 6 Year A By the end of UKS2, children will have the following knowledge: | Mechanical Cams | Food Celebrating culture and seasonality | Electrical Systems Monitoring Control |
| Year 5 and 6 Year B By the end of UKS2, children will have the following knowledge: | Textiles Combining different fabric shapes | Food Celebrating culture and seasonality | Structures Frame structures |

| Early Years | Prior Knowledge | Technical Knowledge | Knowledge of Skills | Next Steps | Assessment |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| Textiles – | | Know how cut using a | DESIGN | | |
| Christmas | | pair of scissors. | Know what they | | |
| stocking | | | want to make and | | |
| | | Know the vocabulary: | talk about it. | | |
| Food – Fruit | | Plan, draw, ideas, design, | Know they can | | |
| Kebab | | make, build, join, shape, | choose the | | |
| | | tools, complete, | resources they need | | |
| Food – Vegetable | | product, final, change, | for their chosen | | |
| Kebab | | like, dislike, next time, | activities. | | |
| | | different. | Know what they | | |
| Structures – | | | have learnt about | | |
| Create something | | | media and materials | | |
| that the children | | | and relate to uses | | |
| have to design, | | | and purposes. | | |
| make and | | | Know the | | |
| evaluate. | | | importance for | | |
| | | | good health of a | | |
| | | | healthy diet. | | |
| | | | MAKE | | |
| | | | Know how to safely | | |
| | | | use and explore a | | |
| | | | variety of materials, | | |
| | | | tools and techniques, | | |
| | | | experimenting with | | |
| | | | colour, design, | | |
| | | | texture, form and | | |
| | | | function. | | |
| | | | Know how to | | |
| | | | concentrate and | | |
| | | | keep trying if they | | |
| | | | encounter difficulties. | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | EVALUATE | | |

| | Know how to represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology Know they can be excited about what they have made and say what they like about it. | |
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| | Prior Knowledge | Technical Knowledge | Knowledge of Skills | Next steps | Assessment |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Year I-2 | DESIGN | STRUCTURES - Know | DESIGN | DESIGN | |
| | Know what they want to | how to build structures, | Know how to generate | Know how to generate | |
| Structures - | make and talk about it. | exploring how they can | ideas by drawing on | ideas, considering the | |
| Three Billy Goats | Know they can choose the | be made stronger, stiffer | their own and other | purposes for which | |
| Gruff (Free | resources they need for | and more stable | people's experiences. | they are designing. | |
| standing weight | their chosen activities. | | Know how to develop | Know how to make | |
| bearing bridge) | Know the importance for | STRUCTURES - Know | their design ideas | labelled drawings from | |
| | good health of a healthy | the vocabulary: cut, fold, | through discussion, | different views showing | |
| Mechanical | diet. | join, fix structure, wall, | observation, drawing | specific features. | |
| Systems – moving | Know what they have | framework, weak, | and modelling. | Know how to develop | |
| thank you card | learnt about media and | strong, base, top, | Know how to identify a | a clear idea of what has | |
| for Father | materials and relate to uses | underneath, side, edge, | purpose for what they | to be done, planning | |
| Christmas | and purposes. | surface, thinner, thicker, | intend to design and | how to use materials, | |
| (Sliders and | | corner, point, straight, | make. | equipment and | |
| levers) | MAKE | curved, metal, wood, | Know how to identify | processes, and | |
| | Know how to safely use | plastic circle, triangle, | simple design criteria. | suggesting alternative | |
| Mechanical | and explore a variety of | square, rectangle, | Know how to make | methods of making, if | |
| systems – wheelie | materials, tools and | cuboid, cube, cylinder | simple drawings and | the first attempts fail. | |
| trolley for | techniques, experimenting | | label parts. | Know how to evaluate | |
| Cinderella's glass | with | MECHANICAL | Know that all food | products and identify | |
| slipper (wheels | colour, design, texture, | SYSTEMS - Know how | comes from plants | criteria that can be | |
| and axles) | form and function. | to explore and use | or animals. | used for their own | |
| | Know how to concentrate | mechanisms (sliders, | Know that food has | designs. | |
| Food – Fruit | and keep trying if they | levers, wheels and axles) | to be farmed, grown | Know that food is | |
| smoothies | encounter difficulties. | in their products. | elsewhere (e.g. | grown (such as | |
| | | | home) or caught. | tomatoes, wheat | |
| Food – | EVALUATE | MECHANICAL | | and potatoes), | |
| vegetable salad | Know how to represent | SYSTEMS - Know the | MAKE | reared (such as pigs, | |
| | their own ideas, thoughts | vocabulary: slider, lever, | Begin to know how to | chickens | |
| Textiles – | and feelings through design | pivot, slot, bridge/guide, | select tools and | and cattle) and | |
| placemats | and technology | card, masking tape, | materials; use vocab' to | caught (such as fish) | |
| (Templates and | Know they can be excited | paper fastener, join, pull, | name and describe | in the UK, Europe | |
| joining | about what they have made | push, up, down, straight, | them. | and the wider | |
| techniques) | | curve, forwards, | | world. | |

and say what they like backwards, fix, wind up, Know how to measure. about it. wheel, axle, chassis. cut and score with MAKE Know how to select some accuracy. FOOD - Know the Know how to use hand appropriate tools and vocabulary: fruit and tools safely and techniques for making their product vegetable names, names appropriately. of equipment and Know how to Know how to utensils sensory assemble, join and measure, mark out, cut vocabulary e.g. soft, combine materials in and shape a range of order to make a materials, using juicy, crunchy, sweet, sticky, smooth, sharp, appropriate tools, product. Know how to choose crisp, sour, hard flesh, equipment and skin, seed, pip, core, and use appropriate techniques. slicing, peeling, cutting, finishing techniques Know how to join and squeezing, healthy diet, Know how to follow combine materials and choosing, ingredients, safe procedures for components accurately healthy, unhealthy, food safety and in temporary and preference, improve, hygiene. permanent ways future, original, toasting Know how to name Know how to sew and sort foods into using a range of times, amount, spreading technique, the five groups. different stitches. Know that everyone change weave and knit. should eat at least Know how to **TEXTILES - Know the** five portions of fruit measure, tape or pin, and vegetables vocabulary: wadding, cut and join fabric with needles, thread, tools, every day. some accuracy. fabrics and components, Know how to use Know how to use template, join, decorate, simple graphical techniques such as finish, running stitch. cutting, peeling and communication grating. techniques. Know how to **EVALUATE** prepare and cook a variety of Know how to evaluate against their design predominantly savoury dishes criteria.

| | Know how to evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. Know how to talk about their ideas, saying what they like and dislike about them. | safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source. Know how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing, spreading, kneading and baking. Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink. Know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body. EVALUATE Know how to evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment. Know how to evaluate their products carrying out appropriate tests. |
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| | Prior Knowledge | Technical Knowledge | Knowledge of Skills | Next Steps | Assessment |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Year 3-4 | DESIGN | STRUCTURES - Know | DESIGN | DESIGN | |
| | Know how to generate | how to apply their | Know how to generate | Know how to generate | |
| Textiles – | ideas by drawing on their | understanding of how to | ideas, considering the | ideas through | |
| Swimming bag | own and other people's | strengthen, stiffen and | purposes for which | brainstorming and | |
| (2D Shape to a | experiences. | reinforce more complex | they are designing. | identify a purpose for | |
| 3D product) | Know how to develop | structures. | Know how to make | their product. | |
| | their design ideas through | | labelled drawings from | Know how to draw up | |
| Electrical Systems | discussion, observation, | STRUCTURES - Know | different views showing | a specification for their | |
| Night light | drawing and modelling. | the vocabulary: | specific features. | design. | |
| (simple circuits | Know how to identify a | structure, three- | Know how to develop | Know how to develop | |
| and switches) | purpose for what they | dimensional (3-D) | a clear idea of what has | a clear idea of what has | |
| · | intend to design and make. | shape, net, cube, cuboid, | to be done, planning | to be done, planning | |
| Structures – | Know how to identify | prism, vertex, edge, | how to use materials, | how to use materials, | |
| Packaging for a | simple design criteria. | face, length, width, | equipment and | equipment and | |
| gift (shell | Know how to make simple | breadth, marking out, | processes, and | processes, and | |
| structures) | drawings and label parts. | scoring, shaping, tabs, | suggesting alternative | suggesting alternative | |
| | Know that all food | adhesives, joining, | methods of making, if | methods of making if | |
| Mechanical | comes from plants or | assemble, accuracy, | the first attempts fail. | the first attempts fail. | |
| Systems – | animals. | material, stiff, strong, | Know how to evaluate | Know how to use | |
| Greetings cards | Know that food has to | reduce, reuse, recycle, | products and identify | results of | |
| (Levers and | be farmed, grown | corrugating, decision, | criteria that can be | investigations, | |
| linkages) | elsewhere (e.g. home) | | used for their own | information sources, | |
| | or caught. | MECHANICAL | designs. | including ICT when | |
| Food - Bread | | SYSTEMS - Know how | Know that food is | developing design | |
| based product | MAKE | to use mechanical | grown (such as | ideas. | |
| with filling | Begin to know how to | systems in their | tomatoes, wheat | Know how to | |
| (Healthy and | select tools and materials; | products | and potatoes), | communicate their | |
| varied diet) | use vocab' to name and | (linkages/levers) | reared (such as pigs, | ideas through detailed | |
| | describe them. | | chickens | labelled drawings. | |
| Food – | Know how to measure, cut | MECHANICAL | and cattle) and | Know how to develop | |
| Vegetable soup | and score with some | SYSTEMS - Know the | caught (such as fish) | a design specification. | |
| (Healthy and | accuracy. | vocabulary: mechanism, | in the UK, Europe | Know how to explore, | |
| varied diet) | | lever, linkage, pivot, slot, | and the wider world. | develop and | |
| | | bridge, guide system, | | communicate aspects | |

Know how to use hand tools safely and appropriately.

Know how to assemble, join and combine materials in order to make a product.

Know how to choose and use appropriate finishing techniques

Know how to follow safe procedures for food safety and hygiene. Know how to name and sort foods into the five groups.

Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day. Know how to use techniques such as cutting, peeling and grating.

FVALUATE

Know how to evaluate against their design criteria. Know how to evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. Know how to talk about their ideas, saying what

input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- Know how to use electrical systems in their products (series circuits incorporating switches, buzzers)

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- Know the vocabulary: series circuit, fault, connection, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, battery, battery holder, bulb, bulb holder, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip, control, program, system, input device, output device

FOOD - Know the vocabulary: ingredients, yeast, dough, bran, flour, wholemeal, unleavened, baking soda, spice, herbs fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, vitamins, nutrients, nutrition, healthy, varied, gluten, dairy, allergy,

MAKE

Know how to select appropriate tools and techniques for making their product
Know how to measure, mark out, cut and shape a range of materials, using appropriate tools, equipment and techniques.
Know how to join and combine materials and components accurately in temporary and

combine materials and components accurately in temporary and permanent ways Know how to sew using a range of different stitches, weave and knit. Know how to measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with some accuracy. Know how to use

simple graphical communication techniques.
Know how to prepare and cook

prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically of their design proposals by modelling their ideas in a variety of ways.

Know how to plan the order of their work, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques.

Know that seasons may affect the food available.
Know how food is

processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.

MAKE

Know how to select appropriate materials, tools and techniques. Know how to measure and mark out accurately. Know how to use skills in using different tools and equipment safely and accurately. Know how to cut and join with accuracy to ensure a good finish. Know how to select appropriate tools,

materials, components they like and dislike about intolerance, savoury, including, where them. source, seasonality appropriate, the use and techniques. utensils, combine, fold, of a heat source. Know how to knead, stir, pour, mix, Know how to use a assemble to make rubbing in, whisk, beat, range of techniques working models. such as peeling, roll out, shape, sprinkle, Know how to use chopping, slicing, tools safely and crumble accurately. grating, mixing, **TEXTILES - Know the** spreading, kneading Know how to and baking. vocabulary: hand-made, construct products using permanent machine made, fabric, Know that a healthy names of fabrics. diet is made up from joining techniques. a variety and fastening, button, Know how to make Velcro, drawstring, balance of different modifications as they structure, finishing food and drink. go along. Know how to pin, sew technique, strength, Know that to be active and healthy, and stitch materials weakness, templates, stitch, seam, seam food and drink are together create a allowance, template needed to provide product. energy for the body. Know how to achieve a quality product. **EVALUATE** Know how to weigh Know how to evaluate and measure their work both during accurately (time, and at the end of the dry ingredients, assignment. liquids) Know how to apply Know how to evaluate their products carrying the rules for basic out appropriate tests. food hygiene and other safe practices e.g. hazards relating to the use of ovens Know that recipes can be adapted to change the

| | appearance, taste, texture and aroma. Know that different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health. EVALUATE Know how to evaluate their products, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Know how to record their evaluations using drawings with labels. Know how to evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that their product could be improved. |
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| | Prior Knowledge | Technical Knowledge | Knowledge of Skills | Next Steps | Assessment |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Year 5-6 | DESIGN | STRUCTURES - Know | DESIGN | DESIGN | |
| | Know how to generate | how to apply their | Know how to generate | Know how to use | |
| Textiles – | ideas, considering the | understanding of how to | ideas through | research and | |
| Hanging | purposes for which they | strengthen, stiffen and | brainstorming and | exploration, such as | |
| stationary | are designing. | reinforce more complex | identify a purpose for | the study of different | |
| organiser | Know how to make | structures. | their product. | cultures, to identify | |
| (Combining | labelled drawings from | | Know how to draw up | and understand user | |
| different fabric | different views showing | STRUCTURES - Know | a specification for their | needs. | |
| shapes) | specific features. | the vocabulary: frame | design. | Know how to identify | |
| | Know how to develop a | structure, stiffen, | Know how to develop | and solve their own | |
| Electrical Systems | clear idea of what has to be | strengthen, reinforce, | a clear idea of what has | design problems and | |
| Electronic toy | done, planning how to use | triangulation, stability, | to be done, planning | understand how to | |
| money box | materials, equipment and | shape, join, temporary, | how to use materials, | reformulate problems | |
| (Monitoring and | processes, and suggesting | permanent | equipment and | given to them. | |
| control) | alternative methods of | | processes, and | Know how to develop | |
| | making, if the first attempts | MECHANICAL | suggesting alternative | specifications to inform | |
| Structures – | fail. | SYSTEMS - Know how | methods of making if | the design of | |
| Small-scale bird | Know how to evaluate | to use mechanical | the first attempts fail. | innovative, functional, | |
| hide (Frame | products and identify | systems in their | Know how to use | appealing products that | |
| structures) | criteria that can be used | products (cams/cogs) | results of investigations, | respond to needs in a | |
| | for their own designs. | | information sources, | variety of situations. | |
| Mechanical | Know that food is | MECHANICAL | including ICT when | Know how to use a | |
| Systems – Moving | grown (such as | SYSTEMS - Know the | developing design ideas. | variety of approaches | |
| toys (cams) | tomatoes, wheat and | vocabulary: gear, | Know how to | [for example, | |
| | potatoes), reared (such | rotation, spindle, driver, | communicate their | biomimicry and user- | |
| Food – Yeast | as pigs, chickens | follower, ratio, transmit, | ideas through detailed | centred design], to | |
| based bread | and cattle) and caught | cam, cog, annotated | labelled drawings. | generate creative ideas | |
| roll | (such as fish) in the UK, | drawings, exploded | Know how to develop | and avoid stereotypical | |
| (Celebrating | Europe and the wider | diagrams, input, process, | a design specification. | responses. | |
| culture and | world. | output, crank | Know how to explore, | Know how to develop | |
| seasonality) | | | develop and | and communicate | |
| | MAKE | ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS | communicate aspects | design ideas using | |
| Food – Make | Know how to select | - Know how to apply | of their design | annotated sketches, | |
| pasta and a | appropriate tools and | their understanding of | proposals by modelling | detailed plans, 3-D and | |

tomato based sauce (Celebrating culture and seasonality)

techniques for making their product
Know how to measure, mark out, cut and shape a range of materials, using appropriate tools, equipment and techniques. Know how to join and combine materials and components accurately in temporary and permanent ways
Know how to sew using a

Know how to sew using a range of different stitches, weave and knit.
Know how to measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with some accuracy.
Know how to use simple graphical communication techniques.

Know how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source. Know how to use a range of techniques such as peeling, chopping, slicing, grating, mixing,

computing to program, monitor and control their products.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS - Know the vocabulary: reed switch, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch, light emitting diode (LED), bulb, bulb holder, battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit, sensor, sensor activated alarms, computer controlled electronics, debugging, CAD, algorithm, component

FOOD - Know the vocabulary: name of products, names of equipment, utensils, pastry, techniques and ingredients texture, taste, sweet, sour, hot, spicy, appearance, smell,

their ideas in a variety of ways.
Know how to plan the order of their work, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques.

Know that seasons may affect the food available.
Know how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking.

MAKE

Know how to select appropriate materials, tools and techniques. Know how to measure and mark out accurately. Know how to use skills in using different tools and equipment safely and accurately. Know how to cut and join with accuracy to ensure a good finish. Know how to select appropriate tools, materials, components and techniques.

mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations and computer-based tools.

MAKE

Know how to select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture.

Know how to select from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, taking into account their properties.

EVLAUATE

Know how to analyse the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding. Know how to investigate new and emerging technologies. Know how to test, evaluate and refine

spreading, kneading and baking.
Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different food and drink.
Know that to be active

Know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body.

EVALUATE

Know how to evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment.
Know how to evaluate their products carrying out appropriate tests.

preference, greasy, moist, cook, fresh, savoury, hygienic, edible, consumer, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet, construction, design,

TEXTILES - Know the vocabulary: seam, seam allowance, wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces, name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings.

Know how to assemble to make working models. Know how to use tools safely and accurately. Know how to construct products using permanent joining techniques. Know how to make modifications as they go along. Know how to pin, sew and stitch materials together create a product. Know how to achieve a quality product. Know how to weigh and measure accurately (time, dry ingredients. liquids)

Know how to apply

the rules for basic

other safe practices

e.g. hazards relating

to the use of ovens

Know that recipes

can be adapted to

appearance, taste,

texture and aroma.

change the

food hygiene and

their ideas and products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups. Know how to understand developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists.

TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE Know how to use the properties of materials and the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions. Know how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force. Know how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can

Know that different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health.

EVALUATE

Know how to evaluate their products, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests.
Know how to record their evaluations using drawings with labels.
Know how to evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that their product could be improved.

be powered and used in their products [for example, circuits with heat, light, sound and movement as inputs and outputs]. Know how to apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that respond to inputs [for example, sensors], and control outputs [for example, actuators], using programmable components [for example, microcontrollers].

FOOD and NUTRITION:
Know how to apply the principles of nutrition and health.
Know how to cook a repertoire of predominantly savoury dishes so that they are able to feed themselves and others a healthy and varied diet.
Know how to become competent in a range of cooking techniques

| | | [for example, selecting and preparing ingredients; using utensils and electrical equipment; applying heat in different ways; using awareness of taste, texture and smell to decide how to season dishes and combine ingredients; adapting and using their own recipes]. Know the source, seasonality and characteristics of a | |
|--|-----|---|--|
| | l t | characteristics of a broad range of ingredients. | |